

#### Cover The Cosmic Cliffs



This landscape of mountains and valleys speckled with glittering stars is actually the edge of a nearby, young, star-forming region called NGC 3324 in the Carina Nebula. Captured in infrared light by the James Webb Space Telescope, this image reveals for the first time previously invisible regions of star birth.

Credit: NASA, ESA, CSA, and STScI

#### January A Fiery Hourglass



The protostar L1527, shown in this image from the James Webb Space Telescope, is embedded within a cloud of material that is feeding its growth. Material ejected from the star has cleared out cavities on either side, whose boundaries glow orange and blue in this infrared view.

Credit: NASA, ESA, CSA, and STScl. J. DePasquale (STScI)

#### February Deep Fields of View



The image on the left is the first deep-field image from the James Webb Space Telescope, showcasing thousands of galaxies of the galaxy cluster SMACS 0723 in the near-infrared. The image on the right from the Hubble Space Telescope features the galaxy cluster Abell 611, located roughly 3.2 billion light-years from Earth.

Credit (left): NASA, ESA, CSA, and STScl Credit (right): ESA/Hubble, NASA, P. Kelly, M. Postman, J. Richard, S. Allen

### March





In this mosaic image stretching 340 light-years across, the James Webb Space Telescope showcases the Tarantula Nebula star-forming region in infrared light, including tens of thousands of previously unseen young stars that are obscured by cosmic dust in visible-light images.

Credit: NASA, ESA, CSA, and STScI

# April

#### Mesmerizing Galaxy Mergers



This month features four galaxy mergers. The objects are IC 1623 (top left, as seen by Webb), Arp 248 (bottom left, as seen by Hubble), Arp 282 (top right, as seen by Hubble), and IC 2431 (bottom right, as seen by Hubble)

Credit (top left): ESA/Webb, NASA & CSA. L. Armus & A. Evans Credit (bottom left): ESA/Hubble & NASA, Dark Energy Survey/DOE/FNAL/DECam/CTIO/ NOIRLab/NSF/AURA, J. Dalcanton Credit (top right): ESA/Hubble & NASA, J. Dalcanton, Dark Energy Survey, DOE, FNAL/ DECam, CTIO/NOIRLab/NSF/AURA, SDSS Credit (bottom right): ESA/Hubble & NASA, W. Keel, Dark Energy Survey, DOE, FNAL, DECam, CTIO, NOIRLab/NSF/AURA, SDSS

## November

#### Pillars of Creation



Two views of the famous Pillars of Creation, part of the Eagle Nebula, are revealed here by the James Webb Space Telescope. The left, mid-infrared, image details the spread of interstellar dust. On the right, the near-infrared image highlights bright, newly-formed stars.

> Credit (left): NASA, ESA, CSA, STScI, J. DePasquale (STScI), A. Pagan (STScI) Credit (right): NASA, ESA, CSA, STScI; J. DePasquale, A. Koekemoer, A. Pagan (STScI)

# May

# The Southern Ring Nebula



Two views from the James Webb Space Telescope Jupiter, the largest planet in our Solar System, is reveal the planetary nebula NGC 3132, also known as the Southern Ring. The left image is a sharp featured here in near-infrared wavelengths as seen by the James Webb Space Telescope. Different near-infrared view of the nebula, while the view on colours mark the light from the planet's aurorae, the right is in mid-infrared wavelengths, and capand the clouds and hazes at different depths in the tures the dust shrouding one of the white dwarf atmosphere. The Great Red Spot shines brightly

with reflected near-infrared light from the Sun.

June

Jovian Aurora

Credit: NASA, ESA, CSA, STScI Credit: NASA, ESA, Jupiter ERS Team; image processing by J. Schmidt

## July Glittering Globular Clusters



This montage displays four globular star clusters as seen by the Hubble Space Telescope. Shown here are Liller 1 (top left), Terzan 9 (bottom left), Terzan 4 (top right) and NGC 6569 (bottom right). Each is filled with both redder, older stars and bluer, younger ones.

Credit (top left): ESA/Hubble & NASA, F. Ferraro Credit (bottom left): ESA/Hubble & NASA. R. Cohen

Credit (top right): ESA/Hubble & NASA, R. Cohen Credit (bottom right): ESA/Hubble & NASA, R. Cohen

#### August Scattered Galaxy Groupings



These images show unusual, densely packed groupings of entire galaxies. The left image, in visible light from the Hubble Space Telescope, is of the soon-to-merge galaxies of HCG 40. The right image, taken by the James Webb Space Telescope in infrared light, is of the interacting galaxies of HCG 92 — also known as Stephan's Quintet.

Credit (left): NASA, ESA, and STScl Credit (right): NASA, ESA, CSA, and STScI

# September

#### Rainbow Colours in the Orion Nebula



This celestial cloudscape from the Hubble Space Telescope captures the colourful region surrounding the Herbig-Haro object HH 505. The Orion Nebula is awash in intense ultraviolet radiation from bright young stars. Outflows from such stars collide with gas and dust, creating the shockwaves known as Herbig-Haro objects that are brightly visible to Hubble.

Credit: ESA/Hubble & NASA, J. Bally

# October

# The Phantom Galaxy



This montage features three views of M74, also known as the Phantom Galaxy. The left section of this image is a visible-light image from the Hubble Space Telescope, while the right section, in midinfrared wavelengths, comes from the James Webb Space Telescope. In the centre, data from both telescopes are combined for a truly unique view into the heart of the object.

PHANGS-JWST Team, R. Chandar

# December

#### A Made-to-Measure Galaxy

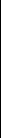
stars at the nebula's centre.



NGC 7038 is displayed in glorious detail here by the Hubble Space Telescope. The image is remarkably detailed, combining over 15 hours of observations to expose distant stars and galaxies in the background. The spiral galaxy filling the frame here contains celestial objects that can be used to measure distances on cosmic scales.

Credit: ESA/Hubble & NASA. D. Jones

Credit: ESA/Webb, NASA, CSA, J. Lee and the









A Fiery Hourglass (Webb

January 2023

Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Monda



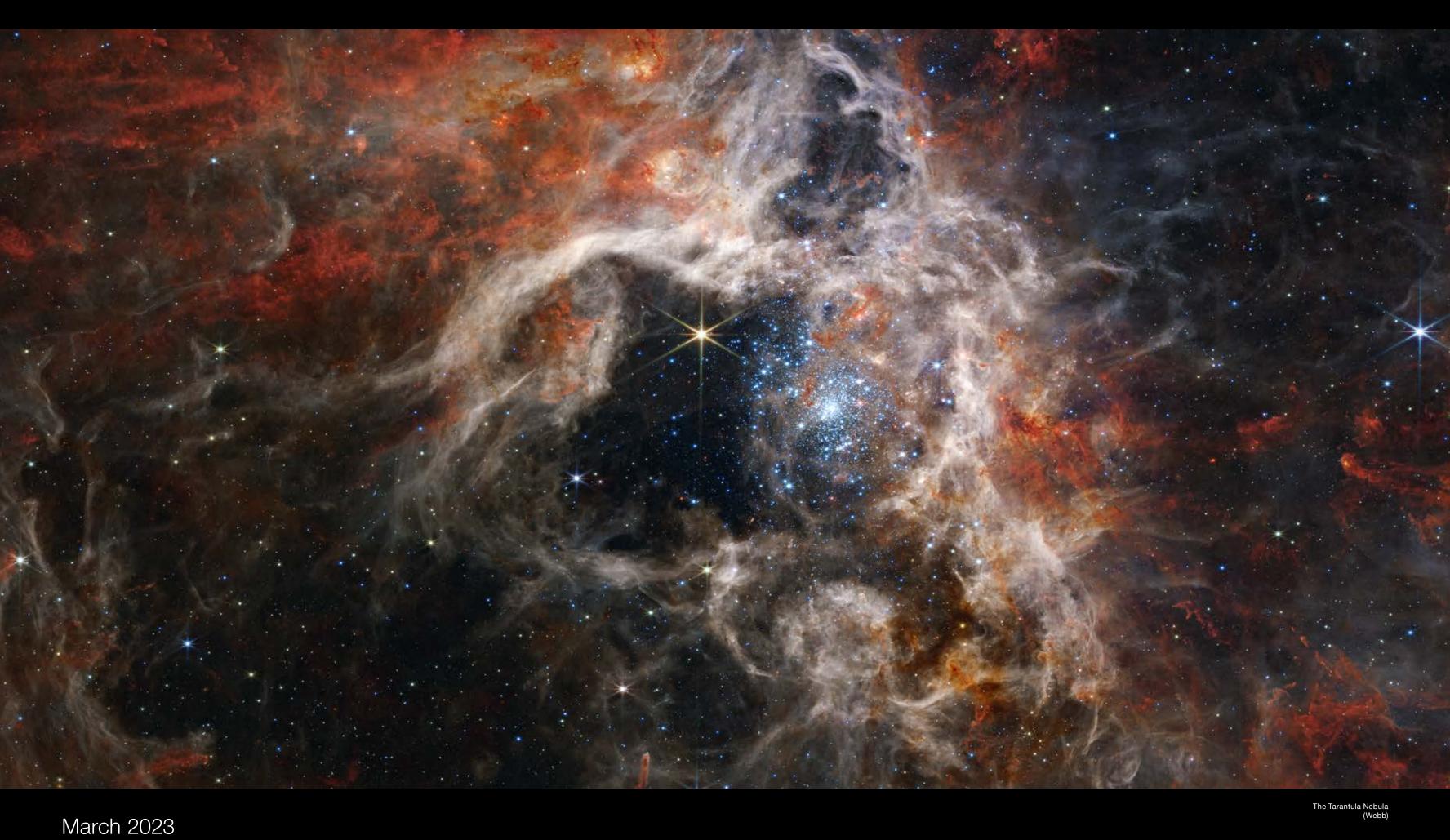




1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 1 2 3







1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

MEN | ESM / CS





Mesmerizing Galaxy Mergers (Top left: Webb; Bottom left, top right, and bottom right: Hubble)

April 2023

| Saturday | Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday | Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Tuesday







he Southern Ring Nebula' Webb)

May 2023





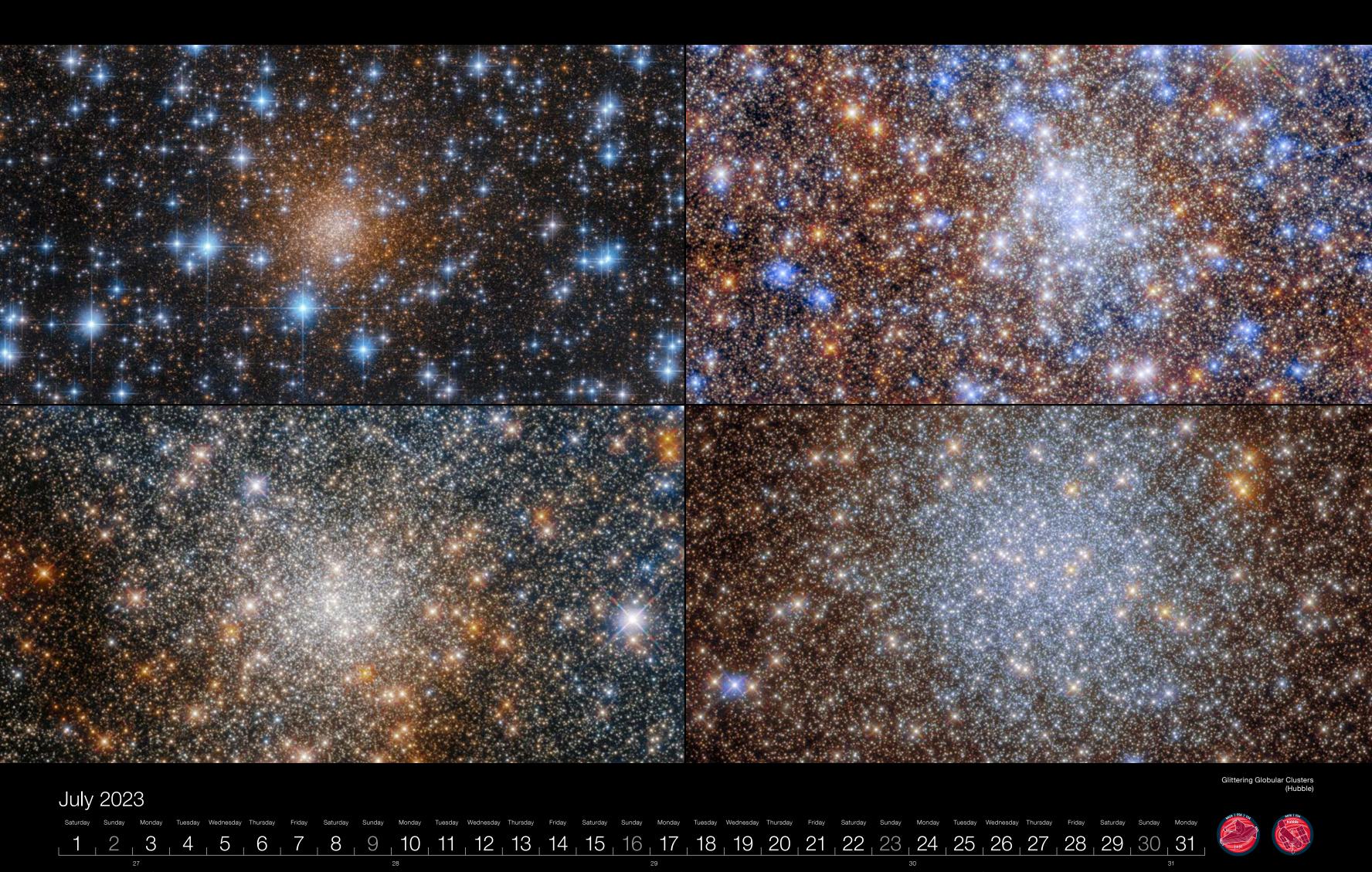


June 2023

Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Sunday Monday Tuesday Monday

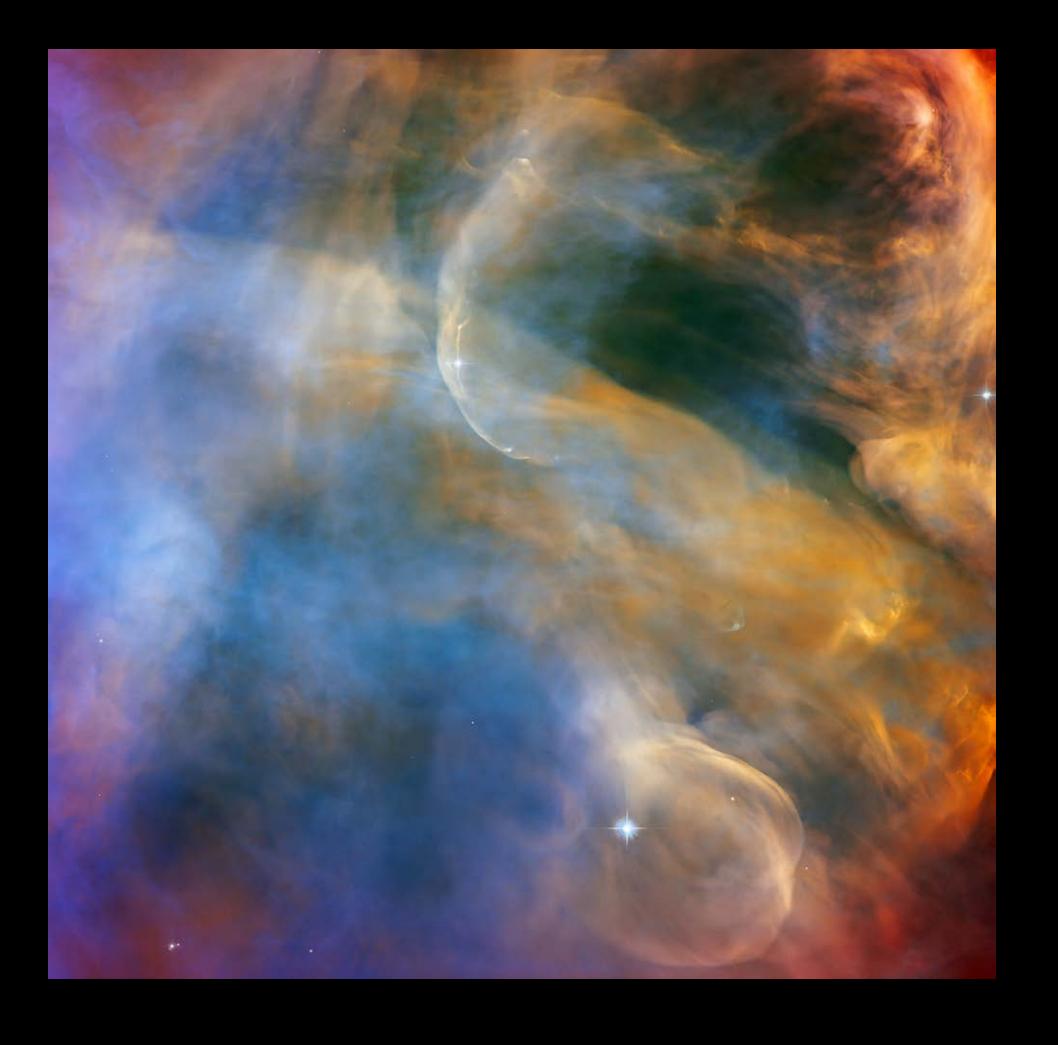








Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Sunday Monday Tuesday Nonday Tuesday Nonday Monday Tuesday Nonday Tuesday Nonday Tuesday Nonday Nonday Tuesday Nonday Nonday Tuesday Nonday Nonday Tuesday Nonday Nonday Nonday Tuesday Nonday Nonday Tuesday Nonday Nond



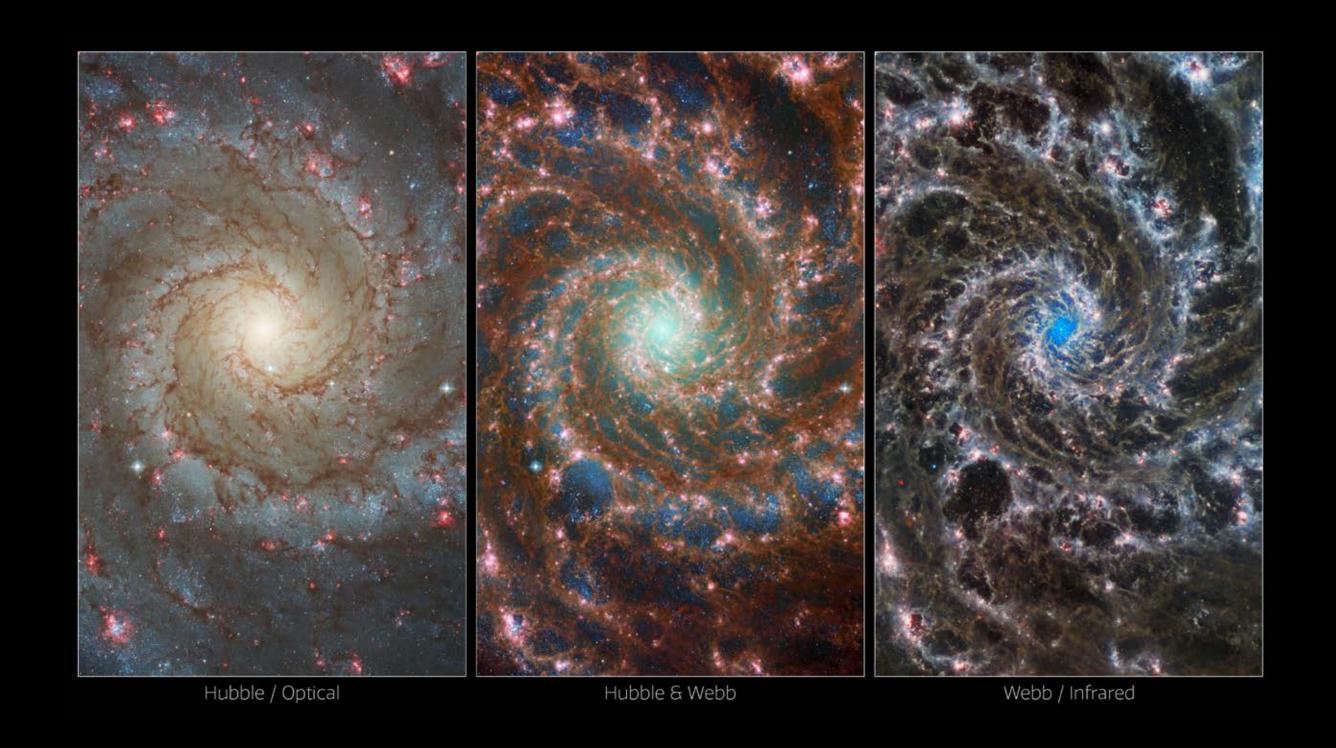
Rainbow Colours in the Orion Nebula (Hubble)

September 2023

Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Sun







The Phantom Galax (Web

# October 2023

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 4 4 5 42 43







Pillars of Creation (Webb)

November 2023

 Wednesday
 Thursday
 Friday
 Saturday
 Sunday
 Monday
 Tuesday
 Mednesday
 Thursday
 Friday
 Saturday
 Sunday
 Monday
 Tuesday
 Monda







A Made-to-Measure Galaxy (Hubble)





December 2023

Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Sunday Monday Tuesday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Sunday Monday Tuesday Monday Tuesday Nonday Monday Tuesday Nonday Sunday Monday Tuesday Nonday Monday Tuesday Nonday Tuesday Nonday Nonday Tuesday Nonday Nonday



Liftoff of the James Webb Space Telescope Credit: ESA/CNES/Arianespace/ Optique Vidéo du CSG - JM Guillon







The images featured in this calendar were taken by the NASA/ESA Hubble Space Telescope and the NASA/ESA/CSA James Webb Space Telescope and were publicly released throughout 2022.